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75c to \$1.25 values at 25c yard \$1.25 to \$2.00 values at 50c yard \$2.00 to \$3.00 values at \$1.00 yard \$2.50 to \$4.50 values at \$1.50 yard WEST AISLE.

Pettis Dry Goods Co.

Drs. Coughlin & Wilson, Dentists S. W. cor. Market and Penn. sts., opp. P O. Formerly in "The Denison.

You May Want It. What? A pure, sweet and white loaf

PRINCESS Flour is unequaled for bread or pastry.

Every sack guaranteed.

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Celebrated . for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the teration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

AMUSEMENTS.

Francis Wilson's career as a comic opera producer has been wonderfully successful. In the eight years that he has had his own operatic organization he has made seven entirely new productions, never using any material for one that had been used in esting one and recalls ambitious efforts, costuming and elaborate detail must always remain a source of pleasant memory. Beginning with "The Oolah," his career as a star is brilliantly recorded in the following list of worthy operatic presentations: "The Gondoliers," "The Merry Monarch," "The Lion Tamer," "Erminie," "The Devil's Deputy" and "The Chieftain."

It is quite within reason to state that the mounting of any one of these operas cost him not less than \$20,000, and in the case of the magnificent revival of "Erminie" it is stated that his outlay was over \$27,000. His eighth opera, "Half a King," in which he will appear at English's to-night, will compare with any of his former productions in its elaborateness, elegance of appointments. richness of costuming and the pictorial beauty of its settings. Lulu Claser, J. C. Miron, John Brand, Christie McDonald, Agnes Paul, Edward Temple, Peter Lang. Clinton Elder and other favorites will ap-

from the fact that half of a king of diamonds is an important "property," supplies a missing ciew to the birthright of undling. Ever since its first production Mr. Wilson has been receiving letters from friends and strangers suggesting as an original idea for pictorial advertising the use of the upper half of that playing card. Thomas Nast, the caricaturist, was one of those who caught the fever, and he contributued a very humorous sketch, showing Wilson's face on the king or diamonds, and he also put legs on his majesty, something of diamonds ever showed. As for the half of the playing card was used on the illuminated cover to the original French edition of the libretto. Manager Canby has framed a half king of diamonds, inscribed, "Yea, we've thought of it," as a suggestion to all comers. He does not want to adopt the idea for the reason that he does not like putting a playing card on

It will please the faithful patrons of the old Park Theater to learn that Dickson & Talbott are going to bring back the cenematographe. The wonderful little machine -the only perfect one of its kind-is now on its way from New York here with a set of views new to Indianapolis. It attracted great crowds during its long stay at the Park earlier in the season. It is one of the most fascinating features ever introduced in a theater. It opens at the Grand next week with "Shaft No. 2" and will show its views twice a day-at each performance.

"How to Reform Mankind," a new and very original exposition of Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll's opinions on the subject, will be delivered by the famouus agnostic for the first time in Indianapolis at the Grand Opera House Sunday evening. This lecture | definite arrangement. Those who represent has received much praise from the press and public of New York, Boston, Chicago and Washington. In this new discourse Colonel Ingersoll touches upon the questions of capital and labor, marriage and divorce, the establishment of homes and many other equally interesting topics and does so in a remarkable way, showing a instance the committees on finance and on keen insight into the subjects treated. Seats are now on sale at the Pembroke.

The Byrons reverse their plays again today, presenting "The Turn of the Tide" this afternoon and "Ups and Downs of Life" tonight. They are attracting large audiences to the Grand.

Indianapolis is to have one night of Nat Goodwin-next Wednesday, at English's, For this one performance Mr. Goodwin is to present for the first time in this city new play, by Madeline Lucette Ryley, entitled "An American Citizen." The advance sale will open at the Pembroke tomorrow at 9 a. m.

The City Club Spectacular Farce Comedy under the management of Thomas E. Miaco. The attraction has become one of the greatest vaudeville successes this season. Fannie Everett will assume the leading character in the burlesque. There is an ! olio of interesting specialties, including Thomas Nolan, in character songs; Lilian Melbourn, Ollie Etherton and Sophie Erbs and Farrel and Taylor, Carrie Fulton, Gracie and Reynolds and Nellie Waters, the Irish character singer. A new series of living pictures will be introduced. All the scenery in the production is carried by this

Wrestling Match Postponed.

The wrestling match between W. J. Dwyer and Joe Burns, which was to have taken place at the Grand Opera House next Monday night, has been postponed on account of the change in arrangement necessituted by the fire at the Park. The match will take place Monday, March 22, at Eng- a bill as they wish. The opposition will lish's Opera House.

UNCLE SAM ROBBED BY THE AD VALOREM PLAN OF DUTIES.

On Sugar Importations Alone the Less Last Year through Undervaluation Was Five Millions.

IT PROVIDES FOR THE IMPOSITION OF SPECIFIC DUTIES

Retaliation Against Countries That Pay Sugar Bounties-Senate Reorganization Talk.

ecial to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 10. - An expert employed by the ways and means committee to dig into the sugar-tariff problem has reported that the government lost \$5,000,000 last year on sugar importations through undervaluation. He made his calculations on the amount of and quotations of foreign sugar received in American ports and the amounts and quotations at Liverpool and other foreign commercial centers. His method of calculation was very simple and direct, and the conclusions arrived at strengthened the committee in its determination to substitute specific for ad valorem duties. The decision of the committee to make the duty 1% cents per pound on all sugars testing 96 degrees of saccharine strength by polariscope will, it is esti-

mated, increase the government revenues What effect this tax, with its sliding scale of duties on sugar above and below this degrees standard will have on the sugar trusts is a matter of speculation. Very much more will depend upon the action of the President in establishing reciprocity relations with sugar-producing countries than upon the direct tax of so much per pound on sugar. The committee's report in favor of making a discriminating duty on sugar imported from bounty countries equal to the amount of that bounty, the figures to be fixed by the President, is a matter of quite as much importance to the sugar-producing interests of the United States as any other provision of the bill. It is understood also that the committee will recommend the imposing of a differential tax of one-eighth of 1 cent per pound, or double the present differential tax. Another report says: The Repub-

lican members of the ways and means committe to-day finished their work on the sugar schedule and took up the woolen schedule. On the latter they came to defienite decisions, but the points in the sugar schedule which had been reserved unfood against alum and all forms of adul- til to-day were decided. The differential was fixed at one-eighth of a cent a pound on sugar above sixteen Dutch standard. This was thought to be a sufficient allowance to cover the difference between the cost of refining in the United States and other countries where sugar is free. What amounts to a retaliatory duty against bounty paying countries was agreed on. It is in the form of an additional duty to be levied on sugar imported from those countries which pay bounties, equivalent to the net amount of the bounties-that is, the amount of the bounty less any internal taxes levied on the sugar in the country whence it comes. This provision leaves it with the executive officers to fix the tariffs on sugars from bounty paying countries and to decide what the net amounts of the bounties paid by foreign governments are. Under it the duties on imported sugars will be raised or lowered as the bountles paid by other governments are changed. Its administration may be difficult at times on account of disputes which have arisen in the past and may come up to the future as to what constitutes a bounty with the various forms of taxes, rebates and bounties imposed on sugar.

The wool schedule promises to be th most difficult which the committee has to fix on account of the conflict of interests between the growers and manufacturers When the McKinley bill was framed schedule was practically agreed on by the representatives of the two interests, which implified the work of the committee. Since that time the sheep raisers have delared that the manufacturers got the best of the agreement, and aitnough several conferences between the two bodies were held recently they came to nothing. Wool Growers' Association has asked for duties much larger than those in the Mc-Kinley law. After the wool schedule parts of the pottery schedule and the free list and some administrative features of the bill only remain to be settled.

Bounty for Sugar Beets. ALBANY, N. Y., March 10 .- In the Asmatter of fact, the idea isn't new at all, provides that the state commissioner of tor in each town where sugar manufacas a bounty for any grade of sugar manufactured. The bill provides that \$100,000 shall be appropriated to pay the bounties.

DISPOSED TO BE CONCILIATORY.

Republican Senators Do Not Care to

Irritate the Opposition. WASHINGTON, March 10 .- The Republican caucus committee of the Senate held only a brief session to-day and adjourned until to-morrow to allow the collection of certain information as to the places to be filled and to permit consultation with other Republican senators. There is dissatisfaction on the part of some of the senators with the prospects of continuing the present division of the parties in the committees, and in conversation to-day they manifested a disposition to hold out for a more this element contend that if the Republican the eigven members of each of them being either Democrats or silver Republicans. The silver Republicans hold the balance of power in both committees. The more conservative Republicans hold, however, that it is impracticable to secure any better arrangement than that outlined in these dispatches yesterday. They are as yet undecided between the policy of filling Republican vacancies with Republicans and Democratic vacancies with Democrats or of allowing all the vacancies to remain until the December session. Either of the courses proposed look to a continuance of the present status. It is contended by those who advocate the postponement of all action that such a course would keep jealousles in cheek, and it is pointed out that any assignments are liable to be temporary, in view of a settlement of the difficulties in Kentucky and Oregon. The Republican leaders are disposed to be especially conciliatory in view of the work before them of getting a tariff bill through the Senate. that the present committee assignments will not interfere with them in any respect in this matter. Indeed, it is initmated that it is a part of the understanding that they shall not. Senator Jones, the silver Republican member of the commit tee on finance, is an advocate of a pr tective tariff, and, while he would vote against his Republican colleagues on the committee on any cuestion affecting the finances, the Republicans feel that they can count upon his support in committee of a reasonable tariff bill. This would be sufficient to secure the reporting of the bill. With a tariff bill once out of the committee and in the Senate it will, of course, have to take its chances. The gen-

eral disposition appears, however, to be to

allow the Republicans to pass about such

GENERAL HASTINGS INJURED. President McKinley Hurries to the

Hospital to See His Old Friend. WASHINGTON, March 10.-President Mc-Kinley learned at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon that his old friend and companion in arms, General Hastings, of Bermuda, had | ting higher prices to be paid for certain fallen in front of the Treasury Department and broken his leg. The President at once had his carriage called and went to the Emergency Hospital, where he spent a quarter of an hour consoling his friend and then returned to the White House. General Hastings was formerly commander of the Twenty-third Ohio, McKinley's old regiment, and now lives in Bermuda. He came to Washington to see the inauguration and was to have sailed for home Saturday Early this afternoon he called on the President at the White House and while returning to his hotel was knocked down by a wagon in the street and a leg which had once been fractured at the battle of Winchester by a bullet was broken. Word was sent to the White House that General Hastings had been injured and was in the hospital. President McKinley at once sent a messenger with a note offering to render any services in his power. An hour later when he could escape from visitors, he drove to the hospital with Colonel Taylor. of East Liverpool, O., and Captain McWilliams. At the hospital he was shown to the room where General Hastings was, and, sitting down by the colonel, took his friend's hand. "I am sorry to find you here, General," the President said, and added: "But I am told that it is not serious, and that's good. It all comes from running away from us so soon. After some conversation, the President remarked: "The last time I saw you wounded was at Winchester, and I hardly thought you would pull through that time."

the injured man and was told that he would be removed to the Garfield Hospital. After offering to do anything in his power for his friend the President returned to the White

Senate Adjourned After a Brief, Un-

SPECIAL SESSION ENDED.

important Meeting Yesterday. WASHINGTON, March 10 .- There was an unusually large attendance of senators when Vice President Hobart called the Senate to order at noon to-day. The first business was the reading of a letter from Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, announcing the appointment of Andrew T. Wood as senator to succeed Mr. Blackburn, Mr. that the senator-elect be sworn. Mr. Gorman made a motion that the credentials of Mr. Wood be referred to the committee on privileges and elections, remarking that the questions involved were well understood. Mr. Hoar said that he would not object to that motion and the credentials were re ferred. Then Mr. Hoar presented a written notice of two proposed amendments to the rules of the Senate of a radical nature. The most important was, according to Mr. Hoar's written notice, "to enable the Senatet to act on legislation when it desires. after reasonable debate." It provided that when any bill or resolution had been under consideration more than one day any senator could demand that debate be closed If a majority of the senators so decided there should be a vote without further delay and no motion should be in order pending the vote, but one to adjourn or to take a recess. The other amendment proposed was to prevent the interruption of the busi ness of the Senate, and provided that when a senator made the point of no quorum there should be a roll call and if the presence of a quorum was disclosed business should be proceeded with, A memorial was presented by Mr. Shoup from the Idaho Legislature, asking for the annexation of a part of Wyoming. It was not read, but Mr. Warren, referring to it have taken action.

said that if the Wyoming Legislature had been informed of the memorial it would was decided, on motion of Mr. Hoar that when the Senate adjourn it be until Monday at 11:30. That makes to-day's sitting practically the close of this extra seson, as the special session of the Fifty-Wifth Congress will begin at noon Monday motion of Mr. Aldrich the Senate went tive session the Senate reconsidered its action to adjourn until Monday at 11:30 and agreed that adjournment should be sine die. This was found expedient, as no business could be transacted in half an hour of Monday and even if nominations should be made in that half hour they would fail if not immediately confirmed. At 12:40 p. m.

the special session adjourned. MARCH CROP REPORT.

Stocks of Cereals in Farmers' Hands,

Merchantable and Unmerchantable. WASHINGTON, March 10 .- The crop report of the Department of Agriculture based on returns from three independent sets of regular correspondents, added to all carefully combined and weighed, relates chiefly to distribution of the principal merchantable. All grain in the hands of from previous years are included in the stimates given. The corn on hand, as estimated, aggregates 1.164,000,000 bushels, or per cent. of the last crop against 1,072,-090,000 in March, 1896. Both the proportion and the quantity in original hands at this date are unprecedented, although closely approached last year and in March, 1890 Correspondents report large stocks in cribs particularly in the prairie States; awaiting better prices. The aggregate sold from farms to go beyond county lines is 623,000,sembly to-day a bill was introduced to encourage the sugar beet industry. The bill 84.8 per cent. The wheat reserves in farm- the library and smilax entwined the fret Jeffersonville. A special train will be emers' hands amount to 20.6 per cent. of the crop, or 88,000,000 bushels, against 123,000,000 agriculture shall appoint a resident inspec- bushels last March. Of this amount 3 per cent, is reported as coming over from previous crops. Of oats there are 313,000,000 thousand pounds of sugar per day. Not bushels, or 44.2 per cent. of the 1896 crop. more than 1 cent per pound is to be paid yet in farmers' hands. The proportion bushels, or 44.2 per cent, of the 1896 crop, shipped beyond county lines, 27 per cent.

> THE ALASKAN TREATY. It Will Be Confirmed by the Senate

Without Amendment.

WASHINGTON, March 10 .- The Senate committee on foreign relations to-day agreed to report the Alaskan boundary treaty with Great Britain without amendnot considered, but will be taken up at criticism of any of the features on the part of any senator, either Republican or Dem-There was, indeed, such an evident desire for co-operation that it was remarked upon by members of the committee as an evidence of a change of feeling with the change of administration. Senator Davis, the new chairman of the committee, presided. He had made a study of the treaty and was able to explain its provisions, which he did, in detail. It was the opinion of all the members that the treaty fair that they should be given control of | would result to the advantage of the United States. It was stated that the deflection of the line so as to place the summit of Mount Elias directly on the line of demarkation would result in a gain to the United stand they are silver committees, six out | States of thirteen or fourteen square miles of territory.

Later in the day Senator Davis reported to the Senate a resolution favorable to ratification of the Alaskan boundary treaty and asked for its immediate consideration. Senator Stewart Interposed an objection. and the matter was postponed until the

next meeting.

Latest Army Orders. WASHINGTON, March 10 .- Post Chapsurgeon, and Captains Charles Richards. surgeon, and Captains Rogers Birnie, L. L. Bruff and S. E. Stuart, ordnance department, is ordered to meet at New York March 30, for the examination of the officers of the line seeking transfer to the ordnance department. Second Lieut. A. W. Yates has been transferred from Company E to Company D. Ninth Infantry, and Second Lieut. T. F. Dwyer from Company D to Company F, same regiment.

The Population of Hawaii. WASHINGTON, March 10.-Ellis Mills United States consul general at Honolulu has furnished the State Department with showing a total population of 109,020. The Hawaijans head the list, with 31.019; Japanese next with 24,407; Chinese third with 21,616, and the Portuguese fourth with 15. 181. Those part Hawaiians number 8,485 Americans, 2,086; British, 2,250; Germans, 1,-432, and the remainder is divided among

Proposals for Armor Plate. WASHINGTON, March 10.-Secretary

half a dozen nationalities.

offer amendments, but in all probability armor steel and they will be published to-they will allow it to become a law. armor steel and they will be published to-morrow. The completed advertisement morrow. The completed advertisement calls for proposals to be opened April 6, for supplying about eight thousand tons of nickel steel harveyized armor. As the con-tractor is to furnish "nickel steel" armor, the advertisement conveys the information that the government will no longer supply to the contractors the nickel for alloying the steel. The way is left open to accept average prices providing the total average does not exceed \$300 per ton, thus permit-

> expensive plating. Denial from Cannon and Pettigrew. WASHINGTON, March 10.-Senators Pettigrew and Cannon to-day contradicted in most vigorous terms a report published in a New York paper to the effect that they had called on President McKinley yesterday to assure him of their intention to support the tariff bill now being prepared in the House of Representatives. "We called, in company with Senator Teller," they said in unison to-day, "for the purpose of paying

port be corrected.

Changes in the Navy. WASHINGTON, March 10 .- James C. Pryor has been commissioned assistant surnavy yard; Lieutenant Commander J. B. Briggs, from the New York navy yards to | where they stand. the Marblehead, as executive; Passed Asenant Commander G. C. Bowman, from the Marblehead, April 5, and ordered home on three months' leave; Commodore E. O. Matasked the physicians about their plans for to examination for promotion.

General Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 10.-To-day's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$211,812,466; Gold reserve, \$150,850,388.

Lieutenant W. V. Kennon, Sixth Infantry, and until now attached to the Intercontinental Railroad Survey, has been selected as the officer who is to be instructor in the military school of the Great Republic of Central America, under the terms of the act | material, if we are to manufacture clothof the last Congress.

The Department of State is officially ad-Persian government, one prohibiting from | cy arising under a former administration March 11, 1897, the exportation of rice, and it took a great deal of explanation wheat, barley and other cereals, and the other prohibiting the exportation of sheep and goat skins from the district of Meshed. A farewell reception to Hon, J. Sterling Morton, the retiring secretary of agriculture, was given by the employes of the de-partment at the Ebbitt House to-night.

PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mrs. S. A. Van Ness, of the Windsor, has Miss Blanche Lee has issued invitations for a company, Saturday afternoon, in honor of Miss Mount. The T. E. G. Card Club will be enter-

tained to-morrow afternoon by Miss Josephine Bremmerman. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hanson will entertain at cards to-morrow evening at their Mrs. Oliver P. Morton has gone to Wash-

ngton, D. C., to join her son, Mr. John Morton, for a few days. Mr. Ray Scott is making arrangements for a young people's dance at the Brenneke Academy, March 26. Mr. and Mrs. A. Hovey will give a chil-

dren's party Friday afternoon at their home, Illinois and Eighth streets. Mrs. Charles B. Pfaff, of Chicago, came yesterday to visit relatives. She will be with her sister, Mrs. John W. Browning. Mrs. Louis G. Deschler will give a card party. Tuesday afternoon, for Mrs. George Stout's guests, Mrs. Row and Miss Wadley, of Dubuque, Ia.

tained a few of their unmarried friends last evening with a "hearts" party at their home on North Pennsylvania street. the Columbia Club and a bowling at the German House last evening for Mr. and Mrs. George L. Bradbury and their guest,

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Parvin Herron enter-

Mrs. Norton, of Chicago. Mrs. L. C. McClain was the hostess for a to the reformatory at Jeffersonville and pleasant company yesterday afternoon at all over that age will be taken to Michigan her home on North Alabama street. Mrs. | City Wallace Donnon read her paper on "Motley's the Only Wear," prepared and read before a club a few weeks ago. The visiting artists, Mr. Duveneck, Mr. Meakin and Mr. Farny, of Cincinnati; Mr.

Bringhurst and Mr. Von Saltza, of St. Louis; Mr. Paulus, of Dertoit, and Mr. Adams, of Muncie, who were here Monday and Tuesday, returned to their homes yes-The Misses Dilks entertained a number young ladies at "hearts" yesterday afternoon, inviting their unmarried friends to meet their sister, Mrs. Charles Lloyd

Wayne, who has recently come here to The floral appointments and the prizes were artistically chosen. A quiet wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Franklin last evening, when the marriage of their daughter Bessie and Mr. Will E. Kaler took place, Rev. Jas. A. Sargent officiating Only the immediate families were present Mr. and Mrs. Harry Franklin, of Columbus. O., being the only guests from out of town. Mr. and Mrs. Kaler will be at home to their friends after April 1 at 1510 Ken-

Mrs. S. H. Malpas and her sister, Miss Bieler, gave a delightful card party yesterfriends. The pretty home in Morton Place was tastefully arranged for the event and was fragrant with lilles in the hall and pink roses in the parlor. Daffodils adorned of manslaughter or murder will be taken to signed with a heart, club, diamond and spade in colors. Among the fifty guests was Miss Senour, of Shelbyville, who is visiting Mrs. Schlotzhauer and Miss Pye. The annual reception at the Katherine Home, yesterday afternoon, was largely attended. The board of managers received the visitors and presided in several rooms, while the young ladies of the auxiliary board did the honors for the sweets and flowers. The six old ladies who make up the family at the home were arrayed in the neatest of gowns and kerchiefs and received their friends in their own apartments or mingled with the others, who hovered about the teacups in the dining room, the cakes and salads in another room or sat in the wide reception room and watched the visitors enter. It was a day full of interest for them. The home was inspected and many envied the old ladies their delightful abiding place. Flowers had been brought for decoration, and with the golden sunlight streaming through the windows the home was like a gala place. During the afternoon Miss Cora Daggett played several harp solos beauti-

CITY NEWS NOTES.

Mrs. Enrique C. Miller will not observe her usual at home to-day. The ladies of Fletcher-place Church will serve dinner in the church to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Edgar D. Randolph have returned to Lafayette after spending the

winter in Indianapolis. Christopher Heckmann, employed by the Water Company, says he did not shut off the water to the cistern near the Park Theater the night of the fire, as stated by the fire chief. He was not near the cistern, William England, a colored man aged seventy-three years, died at the City Hospital yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock of pneumonia. He lived in the rear of 124. to amend. The Nicholson law amends the Broadway. He was not taken to the hospital until 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Sadie Baker, of 17 North East street, who was charged by Lizzle Oliver with taking a silk dress pattern belonging to her, was acquitted in Police Court of the charge. It was shown that the pattern was given the defendant as security for board. Professor Hugh Miller will hold an examination on his recent series of university

extension lectures on "Contemporary European History." Those wishing to take such an examination are asked to commnicate with the secretary, Harriet E. Jacobs. The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of Roberts Park Church will meet to morrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. James W. Harper, 824 North Delaware street. The programme for the occasion includes a paper by Mrs. William A.

Word has been received of the sudden death on March 10 of James S. Hardin, fifty-seven years old, near Lawrence, Ind. He has made this city his home since 1850 and was an old soldier of Company E. Seventieth Indiana Volunteers. A brother lives at 140 Cornell avenue and the body will be brought there.

Police Matron Buchanan has received a letter from Mrs. E. Cora Hind, president of the W. C. T. U. of Winnipeg, asking for information concerning the working of the law creating the office of police matron. The letter states that the W. C. T. U. of Canada is working to secure the passage of a general law creating such offices in large reserve the right to make speeches and Long has approved the advertisements for cities and towns,

LABOR

NORTHERN PRISON AUTHORITIES FIND IT RATHER EMBARRASSING.

No Means with Which to Put It Into Operation-Preparations for the Transfer of Prisoners.

The men at the head of the state prisons of the law abolishing the contract systems of prison labor be used to supply state institutions. It further requires that all work of manufacture in the prisons shall be done by hand where practicable and reour personal respects to the President, and for no other reason whatever. Nothing | quires an industrial superintendent in each whatever was said on tariff, finances or prison. As it passed after the law convertpatronage." They requested that the reing the Prison South into a reformatory it modifies that law wherever it comes in con- than at Buchanan street. flict with it.

The attorney general was asked what

sistant Engineer T. F. Burgdorff, to examination for promotion at Mare island: Lieuhave been working for the Lakeside Knit than \$2,500, while the old street-car barns, nation for promotion at Mare island; Lieu- have been working for the Lakeside Knitting Company since their contract expired, in January, without a renewal of the conthews, Captain A. Kautz and N. H. Far-tract. The attorney general gave an opin-quahar and Assistant Engineer C. B. Price, ion that under the new law this could not ion that under the new law this could not go on, and the contract could not be re-

"The act carries with it no appro-

priation for the purchase of ma-

terial or supplies with which to work,'

said Warden Harley, "and it is difficult to see how its provisions are to be carried out. The State does not own any machinery or tools and our appropriation is madsimply for maintenance fund and specific purposes for building the hospital, water works, etc. None of these can be used for the purchase of cloth and leather or other ing and shoes for the other institutions, and none of it can be used for the purchase of tools or machinery. The directors vised of the issuance of two decrees by the and myself gave a note to cover a deficienon our part to get an appropriation to reimburse us. Now, if we should go ahead and, upon our own personal responsibility, purchase a lot of tools and supplies we cannot foretell just where we would land. The act forbids us making any new con tracts and we now have 100 idle men. We always reserved 200 men for work on state accounts, that is, we work them on the gardening, in making repairs and at varlous other jobs for the benefit of the State speak of are men who were under contract to the Lakeside Knitting Company, which contract expired in January. The company did not care to renew it until they saw what sort of legislation we should have and now it cannot be renewed. Contracts for 175 more men will expire between now and the end of the year. Fortunately we shall be able at once to begin building operations upon the new buildings authorized by the Legislature and will be able to keep all these men at work in constructing the new hospital and water works and other constructions authorized until probably ate in the fall. But what we shall do with them during the winter months is a prob lem. With these 275 contract men and the 200 men on state account we shall then have nearly five hundred men on our hands and unless we make some arrangements for the purchase of supplies and raw material I do not see how we are going to keep them busy unless we march them around the prison. During the next year

a number of other contracts expire and none of our contracts will be in existence At the Prison South the change will much more gradual. When Warden Hurt assumed office he found nearly all the contracts about to expire and made new ones for the five years period, many of them having the privilege of renewal. The reformatory law, however, gives contractors in both the prisons the privilege of throwing up their contracts if they do not like to continue them under the shift of prisoners that will be made April 1, when all prisoners under thirty years will be transferred

Warden Hert arrived in the city last night. "The new law cannot affect us for nine years," said he when the subject was broached by a Journal reporter. "Our contracts expired nearly a year ago, and new ones were made for five years, with the privilege of renewal for another five years. Thus its effect upon the reformatory is postponed so long that there is plenty of opportunity to learn whether it is a wise experiment. If it shall not prove so it can be repealed or modified before it gets around to us, and if it remains upon the statue books we shall have ample time to prepare for it. I have, therefore, given very little thought to the matter, though I can appreciate the embarrassment that arises where contracts are expiring before a system can be worked out for carrying

the law into effect."

TRANSFER OF PRISONERS. It Will Be a Unique Event in the Criminal History of the Country. The law converting the Prison South into the Indiana Reformatory goes into effect

April 1, upon which date all prisoners over thirty years old and those convicted of takafternoon for a large company of ing life will be transferred from Jeffersonville to Michigan City, and all those under thirty in the Prison North not convicted ployed for the purpose, and, though the boards have not yet arranged the details, it probable that the train will start from Jeffersonville taking the older prisoners north one day and return, carrying the younger ones the next. It will be a unique occasion in the criminal history of the country, for no such wholesale transfer of criminals for a long distance has before been made. The train will carry from Jeffersonville 285 men, and, if the federal prisoners are also transferred, this number will be increased by seventy-six. Returning from Michigan City the train will carry about 310 men back to Jeffersonville. A joint meeting of the two prison boards will

> se held in the near future to complete de-The train is already being prepared by the Pennsylvania Company. Old coaches are taken for the purpose, and the windows are being heavily barred and gratings fixed for the doors. Whether or not the men will be ironed to the seats has not yet been determined, but all will be handcuffed. A small army of guards will accompany the train, and it will bristle with Winchesters, The prison authorities do not anticipate any outbreak, and will endeavor to make arrangements so perfect that there will be no opportunity for trouble.

QUART-SHOP BILL INEFFECTIVE. That Is the Opinion of City Attorney

Curtis and Two Others. Representatives Willoughby and Peckinpaugh and City Attorney Curtis yesterday and declared at the close of their conference that the Nicholson law passed this session to abolish quart shops and whisky selling crug stores was ineffective from the fact that it failed to amend the penal clause of the old law, which this law seeks Revised Statutes of 1881 in two sections so as to declare it unlawful to sell liquor in quantities less than five gallons without taking out a county license. These gentlemen are of the opinion that because the new law tails to strike out of the old law in the section imposing a penalty the word "quart" and insert "five gallons" the law vill be ineffective. This point was raised with Mr. Nicholson in a private conversation with a Journal reporter four or five days ago, and he then stated that the penal clause of a previous statute still in existence would fit the case.

Liquor League Jubilant.

At the regular monthly meeting of the State Liquor League the new anti-quart shop law was discussed. Reports from throughout the State showed that about two hundred places will be closed which have been selling liquor under the quart license. The members of the league are jubflant over the passage of the law. They also claim that it will enable prosecutions to be carried on against druggists who violate the law. It is more rigid against them than the Nicholson law. The league has moved its headquarters from the Lorraine building to Room 18, Commercial block.

A Seventy-Five-Year-Old Vagrant. Maria Bruning, a woman seventy-five years old, was arrested yesterday as a before. Little is known of her. She says throughout were complete.

she has been living in this city for a long time, but refuses to talk about her past history. Yesterday a man living on North Senate avenue complained that the woman had come to his house and made herself at home. He said he kept her for several days, but did not feel like having her there longer. The police say she has been doing this way for some time, living at various places and staying as long as the people

would permit her. TWO MARKET SITES.

South Siders Divided as to the Proper Location.

The matter of locating a market in the are very dubious about the possible effects | southeastern part of the city has stirred | DAY up considerable contention among the merin prisons and requiring that the products | chants and others in the neighborhood of the Fountain square as to the proper location of the place. A short time ago the South-side councilmen signed a petition for a market at Virginia avenue and Buchanan street, but there is another petition out, signed, it is said, by 2,500 citizens, asking that the market be placed on Shelby street, as it would be of more general benefit there.

A meeting was held last night at Hester and Prospect streets, and Councilman Smith The directors of the Prison North had a attended. He said he signed the Buchananneeting here yesterday to go over the text | street petition under a misapprehension. It geon from March 27; Lieutenant J. A. of the law as well as to look into some of is claimed by those favoring the Shelbystreet site that a saloon keeper near Bu-Nickels has been ordered to the New York | the provisions of the minor acts regulating | chanan street obtained many names, and prisons and they are in doubt as to just after the names were signed headed them with a petition which was not read by the signers. It is claimed that the old Southside foundry, property on Shelby street, 65 a short distance away, can be had for about \$1,500, while the Buchanan-street property contemplated would cost in the neighbor-

MONOPOLY'S METHOD

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY IN A DISHONEST BUSINESS.

Crippling Competitors by Securing Information by Corruption-Railroad Clerks Worked.

For a long time it has been known that being made by its competitors and would use this information to secure the patronas it was learned that a sale had been mad Standard Oil Company would call on the purchaser and offer oil at such low figures about the prison, but these hundred that I | that the customer would buy and ship back the other purchase. Then this information would be used against the competition, other dealers being given to understand that the oil was shipped back because it did not reach the standard or for some other equally as good reason. It became known yesterday that this in-

formation has been furnished for a long time by the clerks in the various railroad offices. In every case, so far as known, the clerks are supposed to be innocent of any wrong-doing in the matter. According to the investigations that have been made in the last few days by railroad officials different railroad offices and made arrangements with a clerk in each office to furnish him a list of all shipments of oil He said he needed the information in his official capacity and that he preferred to pay a small amount each month to son clerk to make up a daily list, rather than to undertake to get the information himself, on account of the time it would take him to do so. The clerks did not think there could be anything wrong in the offer or that the information would be used in any way except by Ginz as a state official. and they readily agreed to furnish it.

They did not get suspicious even when they learned that the daily reports were to be left at Fred Heier's saloon, on South New Jersey street. They supposed that the place was selected on account of the fact that it would be open until late at night and there would be no trouble in getting the reports if Ginz did not have an opporto go after them until evening Fred Heier says he knows nothing of the man, who called for slips and paid the money. This man merely asked Heier to receive the slips from the three men who were to bring them in and left money for them, which was paid when the men called There were two men at the Big Four offices connected with the matter. The officials refuse to give their names, but say they will be discharged. These men say they supposed they were furnishing information to one of the independent off companies for the purpose of trapping a

dishonest cierk. A clerk at the Pennsylvania offices is fully exonerated by Agent Perry, who says he does not think the clerk had any knowledge of the matter except that he thought he was furnishing information that an oil

inspector was entitled to have. Agent O'Reilly, of the Monon, says one man was discharged from their freight house some time ago for this work, and that he thought 't had been stopped. It seems that the information from that office was secured by an L. E. & W. employe, who had access to the office at any time The L. E. & W. employe who did the work says he had no idea he was doing anything wrong, but thought he was simply furnishing the State proper information.

There has been no complaint of anything

AN EARLHAM REUNION. It Leads to the Formation of a Local Alumni Association.

R. W. Furnas, D.W. Coffin, M. P. Wright, Mrs. J. R. Evans and Mrs. Linton A. Cox were instrumental in calling together the students, past and present, of Earlham College for an organization at the Friends' Church last evening. The parlors had been adorned with the college colors, yellow and white, and Earlham pictures and souvenirs were combined with calla lilles and daffodils to make the room attractive. In the company of more than one hundred were Mary Kenworthy Bellio and J. B. Hampton, who attended the year the Friends' Boarding School, now Earlham College, was opened, 1847, and there were students of nearly all the years. It was an evening of reminiscence. The members were invited to the audience room, where Mr. George W. Powell was called to the chair and Miss Anna Hadley made a brief introductory address, stating that Earlham had existed the last | said that a clerk in a shoe store had been half of the most important century of the world's history. The college has graduated over eight thousand students. The speakers | Opera House last night with a young lady of the evening were limited to five minutes, and each gave a sketch of a decade

superintendents and gave an amusing account of a college lynching of "the immortal five," and some of Cupid's pranks. Dr. Evan Hadley had the second decade and told of the restriction in dress and nonallowance of any pet names in the cata- with the young lady, and when he came out logue. An Indian burial and other incidents were interestingly described. Mr. J. P. rested. She hurrled to the nearest tele-Dunn gave a characteristic talk and a phone and informed the police headquarlaughable account of laughing in meeting. | ters where she could be found. She also The Earlhamite was established in the asked that she be notified at once if the third decade. W. B. Hubbard spoke of the young man made complaint against her. additions of music and art to the course in the fourth decade, which placed the college in a line with other institutions of learning in the State, and Alonzo Hadley brought the history up to date, describing the decade which brought Earlham into a closer relation with other schools and colleges in the State. With this decade came college colors and banner, the "yell" and the admission to the oratorical and athletic associations. All of the speeches were full of interest to the ex-Earlnamites. The talks were interspersed with Earlham songs by Miss Mary Morris, soprano; Mrs. Willets, alto; Mr. Asher B. Evans, tenor, and Mr. Chalmers Hadley, bass, in a solo, a duet The organization of an Earlnam Association of Indianapolis was perfected, members

to be students, officers or trustees, past or present, residing in Marion county. officers elected are: President, D. W. Coffin; vice president, R. W. Furnas; secretary, Miss Anna Hadley; treasurer, Mrs. L. A. Cox. Mrs. F. F. McCrea, who was to have taken part in the addresses, was detained at Evansville by high water. An invitation from President Mills to attend the semi-centennial celebration at Earlham in June was read and then the company adjourned to partake of a bountiful supper vagrant. She has been at the police station | provided by the ladies. The arrangements

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TOWELS, odds and ends of linen Huck Towels, colored border, large sizes hemmed and fringed, values 20c and 25c each, TO-DAY, each DOMESTICS. OUTING CLOTHS, splendid qual- 61/40

soiled, \$1.75 value, for

ity, 8c value, TO-DAY OUTING CLOTHS, new patterns, 7c value, for Louisiane, new printing, spring 91/2C SKIRTS.

NOVELTY Check, taffeta-lined, new drape, full width, \$5 value, \$3.48 SKIRTS of fancy Scotch Mixture, tailor-finished taffeta-lined. seams; velveteen bound, \$4 value, \$2,98 TO-DAY

SKIRTS of black and two-toned \$1.89 Mohair, \$3 value, to-day..... PETTICOATS. BLACK MOREEN, faced, velveteen bound and deep ruffle, 83 \$1.98

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in this country.

Miss Rifner Struck a Young Man for

Telling Stories. Last night a woman's voice was heard by Telephone Operator Buskirk when he inswered a call at the police station telehone desk. The woman said her name was Anna Rifner, and she told Mr. Buskirk story which caused him to smile. She circulating stories about her, and she had got even and expected to be arrested for it. She said she saw him at the Grand She waited for him at the corner of Vermont and Alabama streets, and when he Mr. George Carter, '47 to '57, named the came along with the young lady she stepped out and exclaimed; So, you will tell stories about me, will And with that she struck him with all her might in the face. He went into the house

said he was going to have Miss Rifner ar-

An Objection. General Grosvenor's objection to the civil service law is understood to be that it

makes no exception in favor of Ohio men. Anheuser-Busch Bock Beer. The delicious book beer brewed by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association will be on tap to-day. Family trade supplied

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